

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 5 77 WEST JACKSON BOULEVARD CHICAGO, IL 60604-3590

REPLY TO THE ATTENTION OF:

MAR 1 6 2016

CERTIFIED MAIL 70091680 0000 7677 9548 RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Mr. Mark Tomasik Vice President of Quality Assurance and Environmental Health and Safety March Coatings, Incorporated 160 Summit Street Brighton, Michigan 48116

Re: Notice of Violation Compliance Evaluation Inspection MID 982 604 001

Dear Mr. Tomasik:

On January 26, 2016 a representative of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency inspected the March Coatings, Incorporated (March Coatings) facility located in Brighton, Michigan. As a small quantity generator of hazardous waste, March Coatings is subject to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. § 6901 et seq. (RCRA). The purpose of the inspection was to evaluate March Coatings' compliance with certain provisions of RCRA and its implementing regulations related to the generation, treatment and storage of hazardous waste. A copy of the inspection report is enclosed for your reference.

Based on information provided by March Coatings, EPA's review of records pertaining to March Coatings, and the inspector's observations, EPA has determined that March Coatings had unlawfully stored hazardous waste without a license or interim status as a result of March Coatings' failure to comply with a certain condition for a license exemption under Mich. Admin. Code r. 299.9306(4) [40 C.F.R. § 262.34(d)]. EPA has identified the license exemption conditions with which March Coatings was out of compliance at the time of the inspection in paragraph 1, below.

STORAGE OF HAZARDOUS WASTE WITHOUT A LICENSE OR INTERIM STATUS

At the time of the inspection, March Coatings was out of compliance with the following small quantity generator license exemption conditions:

1. Emergency Coordinator Required Phone Posting

Under Mich. Admin. Code r. 299.9306(4)(g) [40 C.F.R. § 262.34(d)(5)(I)], a small quantity generator must post next to the telephone, the name and telephone number of the emergency coordinator; the location of fire extinguishers and spill control material and, if present, fire alarm; and the telephone number of the fire department, unless the facility has a direct alarm.

At the time of the inspection, March Coatings had not posted the required information next to a plant telephone. On January 28, 2016, March Coatings sent an e-mail to EPA with an updated Plant Layout which included the Emergency Coordinator contact information. EPA considers this violation resolved.

Summary: By failing to comply with the conditions for a license exemption, above, March Coatings became an operator of a hazardous waste storage facility, and was required to obtain a Michigan hazardous waste storage license. March Coatings failed to apply for such a license. March Coatings' failure to apply for and obtain a hazardous waste storage license violated the requirements of Mich. Admin. Code r. 299.9502(1), 299.9508 and 299.9510 [40 C.F.R. §§ 270.1(c), and 270.10(a) and (d)].

OTHER VIOLATIONS

March Coatings violated the following generator requirements:

2. Universal Waste Requirement

Under Mich. Admin. Code r. 299.9228(4)(c)(ii) [40 C.F.R. § 273.13(d)], a small quantity handler of universal waste must be managed in a manner that prevents breakage or the release of any universal waste or components of universal waste by containing unbroken lamps in structurally sound packaging that is compatible with the contents of the lamps and will prevent breakage during normal handling conditions. The packaging must remain closed and lack evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage that could cause leakage under reasonably foreseeable conditions. Under Mich. Admin. Code r. 299.9228(4)(c)(iv) [40 C.F.R. § 273.14(e)], a small quantity handler of universal waste must label with the words "Universal Waste Electric Lamps," "Waste Electric Lamps," or "Used Electric Lamps." Under Mich. Admin. Code r. 299.9228(4)(a) [40 C.F.R. § 273.15(a)], a small quantity handler of universal waste may accumulate universal waste for no longer than one year from the date the universal waste is generated, or received from another handler, unless the requirements of paragraph (b) of this rule are met.

March Coatings is a small quantity handler of universal waste because it does not accumulate 5,000 kilograms or more of universal waste at any time. At the time of the inspection, March Coatings had accumulated two boxes of used fluorescent lamps in the Maintenance Shop, see photograph number 1. The boxes were not labeled "Universal Waste Electric Lamps," "Waste Electric Lamps," or "Used Electric Lamps," and one of the boxes was open. In addition, according to March Coating personnel, the last outbound shipment of used electric lamps was in 2012.

At this time, EPA is not requiring March Coatings to apply for a Michigan hazardous waste storage permit because it established compliance with the conditions for a permit exemption outlined in paragraphs 1, above.

According to Section 3008(a) of RCRA, EPA may issue an order assessing a civil penalty for any past or current violation, requiring compliance immediately or within a specified time period, or both. Although this letter is not such an order or a request for information under Section 3007 of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6927, we request that you submit a response in writing to us no later than 30 days after receipt of this letter documenting the actions, if any, which you have taken since the inspection to establish compliance with the universal waste requirements. You should submit your response to Walt Francis, U.S. EPA, Region 5, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, LR-8J, Chicago, Illinois 60604.

If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact Mr. Walt Francis, of my staff, at 312-353-4921or at francis.walt@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Gary J. Victorine, Chief

RCRA Branch

Enclosures

cc: Larry Bean, MDEQ (beanl@michigan.gov)

John Craig, MDEQ (craigj@michigan.gov)

Lonnie Lee, MDEQ (<u>leel@michigan.gov</u>)

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY **REGION 5** 77 W. JACKSON BOULEVARD CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60604

RCRA COMPLIANCE EVALUATION INSPECTION REPORT

FACILITY NAME:

MARCH COATINGS, INC.

FACILITY U.S. EPA ID NO.:

MID 982 604 001

FACILITY TYPE:

Small Quantity Generator

FACILITY ADDRESS:

160 Summit Street

Brighton, Michigan 48116

U.S. EPA REPRESENTATIVE:

Walt Francis

DATE OF INSPECTION:

January 26, 2016

SIC CODE:

3479 - Coating, Engraving, and Allied Services, Not

Elsewhere Classified

NAICS CODE:

332812 - Metal Coatings, Engraving (Except Jewelry and

2/11/2016

2/17/2016

Silverware), and Allied Services to Manufacturers

PREPARED BY:

Walt Francis

Date

Environmental Scientist

APPROVED BY:

Julie Morris, Chief

Compliance Section 2

RCRA Branch

Purpose of Inspection

The purpose of this inspection was to conduct a Compliance Evaluation Inspection (CEI) at the March Coating, Inc. (March Coating) facility located at 160 Summit Street, Brighton, Michigan to determine compliance with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and the Michigan Administrative Code (MAC), with respect to March Coating's management of hazardous waste, universal waste and used oil.

Participants

United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) Inspector - Walt Francis, Environmental Scientist

Representatives of March Coatings -Mark Tomasik, Vice President of Quality Assurance and Environmental Health and Safety Randy Wangen, Senior Project Manager

Site Description/Background Information

The March Coatings facility in Brighton, Michigan operates a brake rotor wet spray coating operation and an Ecoat operation for other automotive parts. March Coatings receives various automotive parts for Ecoating and brake rotors which are sprayed with a rust preventative coating. Once coated, the brake rotors and Ecoated parts are shipped off-site to various automotive assembly plants. March Coatings has a second location in Brighton, Michigan at 1279 Rickett Road (MI0001019744) (Plant #2), and is affiliated with Onsite Finishing in Flint, Michigan (MIK368735593). March Coatings has been at this location since 1984 and currently has 65 employees and operates two shifts. Used spray booth filters are generated in the automated spraying area. March Coatings uses a paint that contains aluminum and zinc. The used spray booth filters are placed in 55-gallon containers containing water. March Coatings, currently handles the 55-gallon containers of used spray booth filters as hazardous waste while accumulating onsite. For off-site shipment, they are sent with a hazardous waste manifest with the Michigan Liquid Industrial Waste code "029L". At the time of the inspection, the March Coatings facility was operating as a Small Quantity Generator (SQG) of hazardous waste. Based on information in the EPA 2013 Comprehensive Biennial Report System, March Coatings sent seven shipments for a total of 21.4 tons of "Paint Booth Filters and Water" to Petrochem Processing Group, Detroit, Michigan (MID980615298). Other wastes include used shot blast media material, which is shipped off-site as a non-hazardous waste, and used fluorescent lamps are shipped Superior Special Services. The MDEQ Waste Data System (WDS) out-bound manifest report indicated one shipment of hazardous waste that was shipped to Petro-Chem Processing Group of Nortru LLC, Detroit, Michigan (MID980615298) on June 26, 2014 and January 24, 2012. No other shipments of hazardous waste are shown in the MDEQ WDS in 2012, 2013, 2014, or 2015.

Opening Conference

U.S. EPA representative Walt Francis arrived at the March Coatings facility at approximately 10:45 a.m. Inspector Francis asked for Mr. Mark Tomasik. Inspector Francis introduced himself to Mr. Mark Tomasik. Mr. Tomasik brought Inspector Francis to his office. Mr. Randy Wangen arrived at the office, a short time later. Inspector Francis presented his credentials, and informed them of the nature, scope, and procedures of the inspection. The inspection was conducted by U.S. EPA. MDEQ personnel were unable to participate in the inspection. Mr. Tomasik provided the inspector with a brief overview of the March Coatings facility, and provided information on the hazardous waste and solid wastes that are generated, and shipped off-site. Specifically, Mr. Tomasik explained that they are utilizing a new rust preventative spray that has different characteristics than the previous spray. However, they are still handling the used spray booth filters as hazardous waste while on-site. Inspector Francis asked Mr. Tomasik about off-site shipments of used oil. Mr. Tomasik told the inspector that when routine service is performed on the fork lift trucks or the air compressor, service personnel take the used oil off-site. March Coatings personnel did not make a Confidential Business Claim on the information gathered during the inspection. Mr. Tomasik allowed the inspector access to the facility to conduct the inspection.

Site Tour

The walk-through began in the Maintenance Shop. Mr. Tomasik showed the inspector an area where used fluorescent lamps are accumulated, see photograph number 1. The walk-through continued to the brake rotor robotic painting line. Inspector Francis asked Mr. Wangen which solvent was used to clean the paint line. Mr. Wangen showed Inspector Francis a 55-gallon container labeled "Parachlorobenzotrifluoride". Mr. Tomasik showed Inspector Francis a large explosion proof cabinet which contained two 55-gallon drums labeled hazardous waste. Inspector Francis observed that the drums were dated "1/15/2016" and "12/21/2015", see photograph number 2. Mr. Tomasik also showed Inspector Francis the weekly inspection log. The walk-through continued to the media shot blaster. Inspector Francis asked Mr. Tomasik how the used media blast was handled. Mr. Tomasik told Inspector Francis that it is shipped out as a non-hazardous waste, see photograph number 3. The walk-through continued to the Ecoat line. Mr. Tomasik showed Inspector Francis the Ecoat process. Inspector Francis observed metal automotive parts waiting to be Ecoated. The walk-through continued to the wastewater treatment plant. Mr. Tomasik showed Inspector Francis the wastewater treatment sludge and filter press, see photograph number 4. Mr. Wangen told Inspector Francis that the wastewater filter cake is taken outside to a 20 cubic yard container.

The inspection group then returned to Mr. Tomasik's office to review records.

Records Review

The inspector reviewed three years of hazardous waste manifest records, non-hazardous waste manifests, contingency plan, and weekly inspection records. Inspector Francis reviewed a June 26, 2014 shipment of Ignitable Waste (D001) and Used Spray Booth Filters (029L). Mr. Tomasik told Inspector Francis that an operator thinned the paint too much and were unable to use it, so it was shipped off-site as hazardous waste. The last off-site shipment of used spray booth filters was on January 27, 2015 and the last shipment of used shot blast media was on March 17, 2015. Wastewater treatment sludge is shipped to ADS/Arbor Hills Landfill, Northville, Michigan. Inspector Francis reviewed used spray booth filter waste and solids from zinc phosphate tank from zinc phosphating of steel parts and Ecoating wastewater treatment sludge determination records from Advanced Resource Recovery, Inkster, Michigan, Phillips Services Corporation (PSC), Monroe, and Michigan and Lakeland Laboratories, Inc., Pinckney, Michigan.

Closing Conference

The inspector conducted a closing conference. Inspector Francis explained that he would review his notes from the inspection, and generate an inspection report. March Coatings would then receive a letter from U.S. EPA regarding the inspection including a copy of the inspection report, completed inspection checklists and a copy of the photographs taken during the inspection. Inspector Francis provided a U.S. EPA Small Business Resources information sheet, a U.S. EPA Region 5 Pollution Prevention contact sheet, and a Michigan Technical Assistance Program information sheet to Mr. Tomasik.

Attachments

Inspection Checklists. Photographs.

Department of Environmental Quality HAZARDOUS WASTE INSPECTION

INSPECTION DATE 1/26/2016	GEN.	. I.D.# <u>MID98260400</u>	1WE)S ID#	
SITE SPECIFIC NAME March_Co	oating,	Inc Plant #1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SITE LOCATION ADDRESS 160 St	ummit	Street			
CITY Brighton		ZIP: 48116	cc	DUNTY <u>Livingsto</u>	on
Reason for Inspection: X CEI	_FCI	FUICSE	CACCOMP	LAINT NRR	OTHER
WASTE CODE		PROCESS W	ASTE IS GENER	ATED FROM	
D001/028L	لعد ن	Sam Buth	£119		
0284					
PERSON(S) INTERVIEWED		TITL		TELEPHONE N	UMBER
	·	VP CA+	H	810-2296464	× 221
Randy Wangen		Sens Pros	5 home	810-2290829	
1041019		•			
INSPECTOR'S NAME		AGEN	CY	TELEPHONE N	IUMRER
INSPECTOR S NAME		MICHIGAN ENVIRONMEN	DEPT OF		J. C.
Walt Francis		U.S. EPA, Region		312-353-492	21
,, 4,10		, ,			
	Faci	lity specializing i	n Ecoating an	d Wet-spary pair	ting corvice
PRIMARY BUSINESS OF FACILITY:	raci	nty specianzing i	ii Leoating an	u wet-spary pani	ting service
APPROX./AVG. # OF EMPLOYEES:	<i>p</i>	DA:	VC/UDE ODEDAT	10N 2 SH:97=	······································
					`
FACILITY SIZE 75,000 sq. ft.			NYES	NO	
CHRONOLOGY OF INSPECTION &			_,		
1)					
2)					
3)	υ)		3)		

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS:								
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						137.3 1 8		
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	·							

CHECK FORMS USED	GENERAL CATEGORIES OF FACILITIES
	CESQG
	LIW GENERATOR
K	SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR
	SMALL QUANTITY GEN TANK SYSTEM
	GENERATOR
	GENERATOR TANK SYSTEM
	SMALL QTY UNIVERSAL WASTE HANDLER
	LARGE QTY UNIVERSAL WASTE HANDLER
	USED OIL ACTIVITIES
	TRANSPORTER LIW HAZ WST
	WOOD PRESERVER

Does the facility discharge a process wastewater to the local POTW that would otherwise be a RCRA regulated waste? _____no _____yes (If yes, send copy of this cover sheet to SWQD).

Does is the facility subject to air emission standards for process vents managing hazardous waste with organic concentrations of at least 10 ppmw? If yes, circle the type of operation(s): DISTILLATION FRACTIONATION THIN-FILM EVAPORATION SOLVENT EXTRACTION AIR OR STREAM STRIPPING (If yes, send a copy of this cover sheet to AQD).

CHECK FORMS USED	GENERAL CATEGORIES OF FACILITIES
	SITE SPECIFIC PERMITTED TSDF
	PERMITTED GENERÁL TSDF
	INTERIM GENERAL TSDF
	GENERATOR APPENDIX
	TANK SYSTEM
	PERMITTED SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT
	PERMITTED WASTE PILE
	PERMITTED LAND TREATMENT
	PERMITTED LANDFILL
	MISCELLANEOUS UNITS
	PERMITTED ORGANIC AIR EMISSIONS- PROCESS VENTS
	PERMITTED ORGANIC AIR EMISSIONS- EQUIPMENT LEAKS
	INTERIM GW MONITORING (USE WITH SUBPARTS K,L, M, & N)
	INTERIM SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT
	INTERIM WASTE PILE
	INTERIM LAND TREATMENT
-	INTERIM LANDFILL
	INTERIM CHEMICAL, PHYSICAL & BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT
	INTERIM ORGANIC AIR EMISSIONS FROM PROCESS VENTS
	INTERIM ORGANIC AIR EMISSIONS FROM EQUIPMENT LEAKS

INSPECTOR'S SIGNATURE	War 3	DATE	1/26/2016	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and the second of the second o	

Department of Environmental Quality SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR INSPECTION FORM

Facility's Name March Coatings, Inc.	2.		Part 3Rules
Date 1/26/2016	#MID982604001		1994 PA 45
HAZARDOUS WASTE AND WASTE #	SOURCE	IOW MUCH	
D001	PAONE BOOTH RITTING	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
abbreviated EACII	ITY COMPLIANCE REQUIRED IN ALL AREAS		•
abbreviated FACILI	(NI - Not Inspected N/A - Not Applicable)		
WAS	TE DETERMINATION (Rule 302: 40 CFR 262.11		YES NO
Determined if waste streams are hazardous waste? (I	Rule 302: 40 CFR 262.11)	262A	NINNIN
a) Copy of waste evaluation on-site 3 years? (Rule 30	07(1): 40 CFR 262.40(c)	262D	NINNIN
b) Re-evaluated waste when changes in materials or	process? (Rule 302(3))	262A	[kdNIN
IDE	NTIFICATION NUMBER (Rule 303: 40 CFR 262.12)		
2. Has the generator obtained an identification number?	(Rule 303: 40 CFR 262.12)	262A	[<u>K</u>] NI N
	NEECT DEOLUDEMENTS (D.J., 204, 40 CED 262 20)	·	
3. Copies of the manifest readily available for review & i	INFEST REQUIREMENTS (Rule 304: 40 CFR 262.20)	262D	[<u>%</u>]NIN
Manifests kept for the past 3 years? (Rule 307(3): 40		262D	[A] NIN
 Manifests, prepared by the generator (Rule 304(1)(b) 		262B	[] NIN
a) manifest document number. (Rule 304(1)(b): 40 Cl		262B	[<u>X</u>]NIN
b) generator's name, address, phone & ID # (Rule 30		262B	NIN
c) name & ID # of the transporter. (Rule 304(1)(b): 40		262B	LU NIN
d) name, address & ID # of TSDF. (Rule 30412)(b): 4		262B	NIN
e) DOT description of waste(s). (Rule 304(1)(b): 40 C		262B	NIN
f) quantity of waste, type & # of containers. (Rule 304		262B	NIN
g) hazardous waste number of the wastes. (Rule 304		262B	[²] NIN
h) generator signature, initial transporter & date of ac		262B	[<u></u> 6]NIN
6. Not Applicable		,	
7. For out-of-state manifests, was copy of 3 rd signature	manifest submitted to Director? (Rule 304(2)(c)	262B	NI &
8. Is the transporter used properly registered /permitted	under Act 138, Section 3 (2)? (Rule 304(1)(c)	262B	[½]NIN
9. Using manifest that has expired? (Rule 304(1)(a): 40	CFR 262.20(a))	262B	
10.Reportable exceptions. (Rule 308(5): 40 CFR 262.42)(p))		
a) number of manifests generator HASN'T receive sig	gned copy from TSD w/in 60 days.	262D	p/Opi R_
b) number generator DID NOT submit copy of manife	est & statement on non-confirmation of delivery to DEQ.	262D	
	OR		·
11. Did the facility manifest hazardous waste off-site whi	ich:		
a) is reclaimed under contractual agreement & recla	imed material comes back? Rule 304(3)(a): 40 CFR 262.20(e)) 262D	[] ENIN
,			

LAND DISPOSAL RESTRICTION REQUIREMENTS WASTE ANALYSIS AND RECORDKEEPING (40 CFR 268.7)(Rule 311(1))

a) all listed waste b) all characteristic wastes? NOTE: If waste has both listed & characteristic waste codes, the treatment standard for the listed waste is sufficient if the treatment standards for the listed waste to exhibit the characteristic, excellent.		[<u>k</u>]_	NI N/A
b) all characteristic wastes? 268. NOTE: If waste has both listed & characteristic waste codes, the treatment standard for the listed waste is sufficient if the treatment standards for the listed waste includes a standard for the constituent that caused the waste to exhibit the characteristic, exce			-
NOTE: If waste has both listed & characteristic waste codes, the treatment standard for the listed waste is sufficient if the treatment standards for the listed waste includes a standard for the constituent that caused the waste to exhibit the characteristic, exce		[\}	NI N/A
standards for the listed waste includes a standard for the constituent that caused the waste to exhibit the characteristic, exce			~ 141 1977
for D001 and D002. (40 CFR 268.9(b))			
13. If restricted waste exceeds treatment standards or prohibitions did notice go w/ initial shipment? (40 CFR 268.7(a)(2) 268.	١	[X]	NI N/A
OR		•	
 If restricted waste does not exceed treatment standards or prohibitions did a notice and certification statement go with initial shipment? (40 CFR 268.7(a)(3) 	۸	<u>ப</u>	_NI 🕡
OR			
15. If waste has exemption from prohibition on the type of land disposal method utilized for the waste, did a notice go with initial shipment? (40 CFR 268.7(a)(4) 268	1	<u></u>	NI (G)
OR			
16. If facility chooses alternative treatment standard for lab pack that contains none of the waste in appendix IV, did a notice & certification go with initial shipment? (40 CFR 268.7(a)(9)) 268	4	<u> </u>	MI M
17. Did the notice include: (40 CFR 268.7(a)(1) or 268.7(a)(2) or 268.7(a)(3)			
a) EPA hazardous waste #? 268	L	∟ <u> </u>	_NI N/A
b) if wastewater or non-wastewater as defined in 268.2(d&f)? 268	٩	<u> </u>	NI N/A
c) subcategory of the waste (such as D003 reactive cyanide) if applicable?	\	<u></u>	NI N/A
d) manifest number associated with the shipment?	T	<u>L</u> 21	NI N/A
e) waste analysis data, where available?	1	[لإ_]	NI N/A
f) waste constituents that the treater will monitor, if monitoring will not include all regulated constituents, for F001- F005, F039, D001, D002, D012-D043? (treatment standards for hazardous waste in table in 268.40 for the waste code under regulated constituents)	4	_ Y	_NI N/A
UNLESS			
g) did generator/treater claim they are going to monitor for ALL regulated constituents in the waste in lieu of the generator	Τ		
indicating same in the notice? (40 CFR 268.7(a)(1) & 268.9) 268	4	<u></u>	NI N/A
 h) did generator/treater claim they are going to monitor for underlying hazardous waste constituents (except vanadium and zinc), reasonably expected to be present at the generation point, above UTS standards for D001, D002 & TCLP organics? (40 CFR 268 Subpart D & 268.48) 	Δ]	<u>ځ</u> ري	NEN/A
NOTE: An alternate treatment standard may be used after approval from the Administrator. (40 CFR 268.44) NOTE: Hazardous waste debris see 40 CFR 268.7(a)(1)(iv) for the notice requirements which must be followed by the statement "The is subject to alternative treatment standards of 40 CFR 268.45."	is ha	azardou	s debris
18. Generator retain on-site records to support determination from knowledge or results from tests? (40 CFR 268.7(a)(6)) 268	Δ	[30]	NI N/A
19. If the restricted waste is excluded from being a hazardous waste or solid waste did the generator place a one- time notice stating same in the facility file? (40 CFR268.7(a)(7)) 268,	\top	 [<i>[</i> -7]	NI N/A
20. Were all notices/certifications/demonstrations/other documents retained for 3 years on-site? (40 CFR 268.7(a)(8)) 268	_		NI N/A
NOTE: This requirement (268.7(a)(8)) applies to solid waste even when the hazardous waste characteristic is removed prior to disp when the waste is excluded from the definition of hazardous waste or solid waste.			
DILUTION PROHIBITED AS SUBSTITUTE FOR TREATMENT (40 CFR 268.3) RULE 311(1)			
21. Generator dilutes hazardous waste or treatment residue of a hazardous waste to avoid prohibition? (40 CFR: 268.3(a)) 268	A	عرا	NI N/A
TREATMENT STANDARDS (40 CFR 268.40) RULE 311(1)	••		
22. If wastes exceeding treatment standards are mixed, were the most stringent standards selected? (40 CFR268.40(c)) 268	4		NI N/A
PRE-TRANSPORTER REQUIREMENTS (Rule 305: 40 CFR 262.30)	1.		
23. Waste packaged according to DOT regulations (required before shipping waste off-site)? (Rule 305(1)(a): 40 CFR262.30)) 262		co.said	obsrvd NI N/A
24. Are waste packages marked & labeled according to DOT concerning hazardous materials (required before shipping waste off-site)?(Rule 305(1)(b)&(c): 40 CFR 262.32(a)) 262		co.said	obsrvd Ni N/A
25. On containers 119 gallons or less, is there a warning, generator's name, address, manifest document # & waste code; 49 CFR 172.304? (Rule 305(1)(d): 40 CFR 262.32(b))	1	co.said	

26. If required (>1000 #'s), are placards available to the transporter? (F	Rule 305(1)(e): 40 CFR 262.33)	262C	()	NI N/A
	ME (Rule 306: 40 CFR 262.34)	•		
27. If hazardous waste accumulated in containers: (If no, skip to #35)		•		
a) do containers have accumulation date & visible? (Rule 306(4)(c)	: 40 CFR 262.34(d)(4))	262C	[¥]_	NI N/A
b) do container have words "Hazardous Waste"? (Rule 306(4)(d): 4		262C		NI N/A
c) is each container clearly marked with the hazardous waste numb		262C	[<u>V</u>]	NI N/A
d) has more than 180 (270 if over 200 miles) days elapsed since di				≱] NI N/A
		262C	L	A'N IN K
e) has quantity of waste exceeded 6000 kg? (Rule 306(4)(a): 40 Cf				
	UNLESS	1		11111
f) the generator applied for & received an extension to accumulate	longer? (Rule 306(3): 40 CFR 262.34(b))	262C	<u> </u>	_ N/N/A
The following Subpart I, 265.170 to 265.177 requirem	ents are referred to by Rule 306(1)(a) and 40 CFR	262.34	(a)(1).	
g) are containers in good condition? (265.171)		262C	LXI_	_ NI N/A
h) are containers compatible with waste in them (265.172)		262C		NI N/A
i) are containers stored closed? (265.173(a))		262C		NI N/A
j) are containers handled/stored in a way which may rupture it or o	ause leaks? (265.173(b))	262C	L	NI N/A
k) are containers inspected weekly for leaks and defects? (265.174		262C		NI N/A
I) are incompatible wastes stored in separate containers? (265.17		262C	L¥.	NI N/A
m) are hazardous wastes put in unwashed containers that previous		262C		NI N/A
n) are incompatible waste separated/protected from each other by		262C		NI N/A
if facility accumulates over 1000 kg is there secondary containing		262C		NI N/A
i) if accumulating free liquids or F020,F021, F022, F023, F026				
A) has impervious base free of cracks? (264.175(b)(1))	A STATE OF THE STA	262C	[7]	NI N/A
B) is sloped or otherwise designed to elevate/protect contains	ers from contact with liquids? (264.175(b)(2))	262C	LM_	NI N/A
C) holds 10% of volume of containers or volume of the larges		262C	[] ₄]	NI N/A
D) prevents run-on unless sufficient capacity? (264.175(b)(4))		262C	<u></u>	NI N/A
E) accumulated liquids removed in a timely manner to preven		262C	ַגעו.	NI N/A
ii) if accumulating solids, (other than F020,F021,F022, F023, F0			-	
otherwise designed, or containers elevated or otherwise prote	ected from contact with liquids? (264.175(c) (1&2)	262C		NI N/A
28. If hazardous waste is being accumulated at the point of generation				
a) container(s) <55 gal or 1 qt acutely/severely toxic? (Rule 306(2)		262C		NI N/A
b) container(s) under operator control & near the point of generation		262C	_ لگا_	NI N/A
c) container(s) have words "Hazardous Waste"? (Rule 306(2): 40		262C	[20]_	NI N/A
d) are the container(s) marked with the hazardous waste number	or chemical name? (Rule 306(2))	262C	<u> 12</u>	NI N/A
Rule 306(2) & 40 CFR 262.34(c)(1)(l) be	oth refer to 40 CFR 265.171, 265.172 & 265.173(a).		
e) are container(s) in good condition? (265.171)		262C	[2 4]_	NI N/A
f) are container(s) compatible with waste in them? (265.172)		262C	[2-]	NI N/A
g) container(s) closed when not in use & managed to prevent leak	s? (265.173(a))	262C	_ [عل]	NI N/A
29. If generator exceeded 55 gallons or 1 quart, wiin 3 days did gener		6(2): 40	CFR 26	32.34(c)(2)
a) mark the container with the date the excess amount began according to the excess are the excess amount began according to the excess according to the excess amount began according to the excess according to		262C	LM_	NI N/A
b) move to an area with secondary containment?		262C	الايا .	NI N/A
30. Is hazardous waste accumulated in anything other than tanks or c accumulated, i.e.: process tank?	ontainers? Or, is hazardous waste generated but not Explain any yes answer.			≱ ″ NI N/A
31. Hazardous waste accumulated so no hazardous waste or hazardous directly or indirectly, into surface, ground-waters, drains or sewers Part 55? (Rule 306(1)(f))	ous waste constituent can escape by gravity into soil, , and such that fugitive emissions do not violate Act 451,	262C	[ka	₽ NI N/A
32. Waste area protected from weather, fire, physical damage & vand	als? (Rule 306(4)(j))	262C	K)	NI N/A
	, complete Tank System inspection form.		<u> </u>	M NI N/A
	, complete Wood Preserving inspection form			NI N/A
OTT TO THE CALL OF THE PARTY OF	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1	

PERSONNEL TRAINING (Rule 306(1)(d) & 40 CFR 262.34(a)(4))		YES NO)
35. Emergency coordinator(s) identified & available at all times? (Rule 306(4)(f):40 CFR 262.34(d)(5)(l))	2C	Ľ X Í	NI N/A
36. Next to phone is the following posted? (Rule 306(4)(g):40 CFR 262.34(d)(5)(ii)(A-C))			
a) name & phone number of emergency coordinator(s)	2C		NI N/A
b) location of fire extinguishers, spill control equipment and fire alarms, if present?	2C		NI N/A
c) phone number of fire department (not needed if direct alarm)?	2C		NI(N/A)
	32C	M	NI N/A
38. If facility has had emergency, did coordinator take appropriate response? (Rule 306 (4)(i):40 CFR 262.34(d)(iv)(A-B))	2C	[_1	NVNIA
AND	F		·····
39. If there has been a fire, explosion or release which threatened human health or if spill reached surface water did facility call PEAS and NRC? (Rule 306(4)(i)(iii)(A-H):40 CFR 262.34 (d)(5)(iv)(C)(1-5).	32C	□ _ ⊁	NI N/A
Rule 306(4)(e) & 40 CFR 262.34(a)(4) refer to 265, Subpart C, 265.30-265.37	T		
40. Facility maintained/operated to minimize possibility of fire, explosion, release of hazardous waste or hazardous waste constitue which could threaten human health/environment? (265.31)	S2C	_co.saiq	obsrvd _NI N/A
41. If required, does this facility have the following equipment:			
a) internal communications or alarm systems? (265.32(a))	52C	[<u></u>	NI N/A
b) telephone or 2-way radios at the scene of operations? (265.32(b))	32C	[24]	NI N/A
	2C	[<u>W</u>]	NI-N/A
d) adequate volume of water and/or foam available for fire control? (265.32(d))	32C	[]6]	NI N/A
42. Testing and Maintenance of Emergency Equipment:			
	32C	[X]	NI N/A
b) has owner/operator provided immediate access to internal alarms? (265.34(a & b)) NOTE: Access to communication or alar applicable only if required 40 CFR 265, 32	m sys		-
	2C	[X]	NI N/A
ii) if only one employee on the premises while facility is operating.	62C	<u>/</u>	NI N/A
c) aisle space for unobstructed movement of personnel/emergency equipment? (265.35)	62C	[<u>}</u>	NI N/A
	52C	[24]	NI N/A
Rule 309 refers to 262, Subpart E except 262.54 & 262.55 INTERNATIONAL SHIPMENTS (Rule 309 & 310: 40 CFR 262.50-262.60)			
44. Has the facility imported or exported hazardous waste?		Œ	AII N/A
a) Exporting, has the generator:			·
	62E	<u> </u>	NI N/A
7 House 2 10 7 Earlies 2 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	32E	<u> </u>	NI NIA
m, 1000,1111g 500,1101 to 1000pt 11111 (2-1(-))	2E	<u> </u>	NI N/A
,	62E	<u> </u>	NI N/A
7, 7, 7	32E	<u>г</u>	Ni IVA
,	52F	<u> </u>	NI N/A
b) importing, has the generator free mannest requirements. (Note on the out to be of the output			
COMMENTS:			
		-	
·			
			,

Department of Environmental Quality UNIVERSAL WASTE SMALL QUANTITY HANDLER (SQH) INSPECTION

, 0	acility Name <u>March Coatings</u> , Inc.		Part 2 Rules					
Da	ate <u>1/26/2016</u>		_1994 PA 451					
wa bo ne	SQH may choose to manage the following as universal waste when they accumulate quantities of 5000 kg (11,000 lbs) or less of all these wastes on site: antifreeze; batteries [except lead acid batteries managed per R 299.9804]; consumer electronics (devices containing circuit boards, liquid crystal display, or plasma display); electric lamps [fluorescent, high intensity discharge (HID), sodium vapor, mercury vapor, neon, metal halide, incandescent lamps, and cathode ray tubes (CRTs) from computers, televisions, etc.]; mercury items: thermostats, mercury switches, mercury thermometers, waste devices containing only elemental mercury; various pesticides; pharmaceuticals.							
	Yes/No responses that are outside of the parenthesis are violations. (NI - Not Ins	pected N/	(A - Not Applicable)					
	PROHIBITIONS (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.11) Does SQH dispose of universal waste? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.11(a))	273.B	YES NO					
	Does SQH dilute or treat universal waste, except responding to releases or managing certain waste when included below? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.11(b))	273.B						
	WASTE MANAGEMENT (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.13, 273.14)							
	ANTIFREEZE: (Rule 228(4)	QTY HAI	NDLED:					
3.	Is antifreeze managed in manner to prevent release by containing it in structurally sound packaging that is compatible w/ contents, & kept closed? Are transport vehicles & vessels managed in the same way? (Rule 228(4)(h)) 2	73.B	NI N/A					
4.	Do containers show evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage? If so, are these containers over packed in a container that meets requirements? (Rule 228(4)(h)(ii)(B))	273.B	NI N/					
5.	If tanks are used to store antifreeze, do they meet requirements in 40 CFR 265 Subpart J except 265.197(c), 265.200, & 265.201? (Rule 228(4) (h) (ii) (C). [USE TANK CHECKLIST]	273.B						
6.	Are containers labeled "UNIVERSAL WASTE ANTIFREEZE" or "WASTE ANTIFREEZE" or "USED ANTIFREEZE"? (Rule 228(4)(h)(iv))	273.B	L]NINA					
7.	If a release occurred, was it immediately cleaned up & properly characterized for disposal? (Rule 228(4)(e)(ii))	273.B	[_]NIN/A					
	BATTERIES: (Rule 228(4) adopts 40 CFR 273 except 273.10 &273.18(h) requirements)	QTY HAI						
	Are batteries managed in way to prevent releases? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)	コマカ い						
0		273.B	[¥] NI N/A					
	Are batteries that show evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage that could cause leaks put in containers that are kept closed, structurally sound, compatible w/ contents of battery, & lack evidence of leakage, spillage or damage that could cause leakage? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(1))	273.B	NI N/A NI N/A					
	Are batteries that show evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage that could cause leaks put in containers that are kept closed, structurally sound, compatible w/ contents of battery, & lack evidence of leakage, spillage or damage that could cause leakage? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(1)) Does the handler do any of the following activities w/ batteries as long as the casings of each battery is not breached intact & closed (except to remove electrolyte): sort by type, mix types in container, discharge to remove electric charg regenerate, disassemble into individual batteries or cells, remove from consumer products, or remove electrolyte?	273.B & remain						
10	Are batteries that show evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage that could cause leaks put in containers that are kept closed, structurally sound, compatible w/ contents of battery, & lack evidence of leakage, spillage or damage that could cause leakage? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(1)) Does the handler do any of the following activities w/ batteries as long as the casings of each battery is not breached intact & closed (except to remove electrolyte): sort by type, mix types in container, discharge to remove electric charge.	273.B & remain e,	[卢] Ni N/A					
10	Are batteries that show evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage that could cause leaks put in containers that are kept closed, structurally sound, compatible w/ contents of battery, & lack evidence of leakage, spillage or damage that could cause leakage? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(1)) Does the handler do any of the following activities w/ batteries as long as the casings of each battery is not breached intact & closed (except to remove electrolyte): sort by type, mix types in container, discharge to remove electric charg regenerate, disassemble into individual batteries or cells, remove from consumer products, or remove electrolyte? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(2)) If electrolyte is removed or other wastes generated from activities in item 10, has it been determined whether it is hazardous waste? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) a. If electrolyte or other waste is hazardous waste, is it managed in compliance with Parts 260-272 and Part 111? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3))	273.B & remain e, 273.B	MI N/A					
11	Are batteries that show evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage that could cause leaks put in containers that are kept closed, structurally sound, compatible w/ contents of battery, & lack evidence of leakage, spillage or damage that could cause leakage? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(1)) Does the handler do any of the following activities w/ batteries as long as the casings of each battery is not breached intact & closed (except to remove electrolyte): sort by type, mix types in container, discharge to remove electric charg regenerate, disassemble into individual batteries or cells, remove from consumer products, or remove electrolyte? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(2)) If electrolyte is removed or other wastes generated from activities in item 10, has it been determined whether it is hazardous waste? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) a. If electrolyte or other waste is hazardous waste, is it managed in compliance with Parts 260-272 and Part 111? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) b. If electrolyte or other waste is not hazardous waste, is it managed in compliance with Parts 31, 115 or 121 of 451 & local requirements? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3))	273.B & remain e, 273.B	NI N/A NI N/A NI N/A NI N/A					
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10	Are batteries that show evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage that could cause leaks put in containers that are kept closed, structurally sound, compatible w/ contents of battery, & lack evidence of leakage, spillage or damage that could cause leakage? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(1)) Does the handler do any of the following activities w/ batteries as long as the casings of each battery is not breached intact & closed (except to remove electrolyte): sort by type, mix types in container, discharge to remove electric charg regenerate, disassemble into individual batteries or cells, remove from consumer products, or remove electrolyte? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(2)) If electrolyte is removed or other wastes generated from activities in item 10, has it been determined whether it is hazardous waste? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) a. If electrolyte or other waste is hazardous waste, is it managed in compliance with Parts 260-272 and Part 111? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) b. If electrolyte or other waste is not hazardous waste, is it managed in compliance with Parts 31, 115 or 121 of 451 & local requirements? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) Are batteries or container(s) of batteries labeled w/ either: "UNIVERSAL WASTE-BATTERIES" or "WASTE BATTERIES" or "USED BATTERIES". (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.14(a))	273.B & remain e, 273.B 273.B 273.B 273.B 273.B	NI N/A					
111	Are batteries that show evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage that could cause leaks put in containers that are kept closed, structurally sound, compatible w/ contents of battery, & lack evidence of leakage, spillage or damage that could cause leakage? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(1)) Does the handler do any of the following activities w/ batteries as long as the casings of each battery is not breached intact & closed (except to remove electrolyte): sort by type, mix types in container, discharge to remove electric charg regenerate, disassemble into individual batteries or cells, remove from consumer products, or remove electrolyte? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(2)) If electrolyte is removed or other wastes generated from activities in item 10, has it been determined whether it is hazardous waste? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) a. If electrolyte or other waste is hazardous waste, is it managed in compliance with Parts 260-272 and Part 111? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) b. If electrolyte or other waste is not hazardous waste, is it managed in compliance with Parts 31, 115 or 121 of 451 & local requirements? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) Are batteries or container(s) of batteries labeled w/ either: "UNIVERSAL WASTE-BATTERIES" or "WASTE BATTERIES" or "USED BATTERIES". (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.14(a))	273.B & remain e, 273.B 273.B 273.B 273.B	NI N/A					
111	Are batteries that show evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage that could cause leaks put in containers that are kept closed, structurally sound, compatible w/ contents of battery, & lack evidence of leakage, spillage or damage that could cause leakage? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(1)) Does the handler do any of the following activities w/ batteries as long as the casings of each battery is not breached intact & closed (except to remove electrolyte): sort by type, mix types in container, discharge to remove electric charg regenerate, disassemble into individual batteries or cells, remove from consumer products, or remove electrolyte? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(2)) If electrolyte is removed or other wastes generated from activities in item 10, has it been determined whether it is hazardous waste? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) a. If electrolyte or other waste is hazardous waste, is it managed in compliance with Parts 260-272 and Part 111? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) b. If electrolyte or other waste is not hazardous waste, is it managed in compliance with Parts 31, 115 or 121 of 451 & local requirements? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) Are batteries or container(s) of batteries labeled w/ either: "UNIVERSAL WASTE-BATTERIES" or "WASTE BATTERIES" or "USED BATTERIES". (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.14(a)) CONSUMER ELECTRONICS: (Rule 228(4) 3. Are electronics managed in a manner that prevents breakage or the release of any universal waste or components of universal waste by containing electronics in packaging that will prevent breakage during normal handling conditions? (Rule 228(4)(f)(i)))	273.B & remain e, 273.B 273.B 273.B 273.B 273.B	NI N/A					
111	Are batteries that show evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage that could cause leaks put in containers that are kept closed, structurally sound, compatible w/ contents of battery, & lack evidence of leakage, spillage or damage that could cause leakage? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(1)) Does the handler do any of the following activities w/ batteries as long as the casings of each battery is not breached intact & closed (except to remove electrolyte): sort by type, mix types in container, discharge to remove electric charg regenerate, disassemble into individual batteries or cells, remove from consumer products, or remove electrolyte? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(2)) If electrolyte is removed or other wastes generated from activities in item 10, has it been determined whether it is hazardous waste? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) a. If electrolyte or other waste is hazardous waste, is it managed in compliance with Parts 260-272 and Part 111? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) b. If electrolyte or other waste is not hazardous waste, is it managed in compliance with Parts 31, 115 or 121 of 451 & local requirements? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) Are batteries or container(s) of batteries labeled w/ either: "UNIVERSAL WASTE-BATTERIES" or "WASTE BATTERIES" or "USED BATTERIES". (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.14(a)) CONSUMER ELECTRONICS: (Rule 228(4) Are electronics managed in a manner that prevents breakage or the release of any universal waste or components of universal waste by containing electronics in packaging that will prevent breakage during normal handling conditions? (Rule 228(4)(f)(i)) Is packaging in which the electronics are contained labeled either "UNIVERSAL WASTE CONSUMER ELECTRONICS."	273.B & remain e, 273.B 273.B 273.B 273.B 273.B	NI N/A					
10 11 12 13	Are batteries that show evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage that could cause leaks put in containers that are kept closed, structurally sound, compatible w/ contents of battery, & lack evidence of leakage, spillage or damage that could cause leakage? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(1)) Does the handler do any of the following activities w/ batteries as long as the casings of each battery is not breached intact & closed (except to remove electrolyte): sort by type, mix types in container, discharge to remove electric charg regenerate, disassemble into individual batteries or cells, remove from consumer products, or remove electric charg regenerate, disassemble into individual batteries or cells, remove from consumer products, or remove electrolyte? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(2)) If electrolyte is removed or other wastes generated from activities in item 10, has it been determined whether it is hazardous waste? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) a. If electrolyte or other waste is hazardous waste, is it managed in compliance with Parts 260-272 and Part 111? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) b. If electrolyte or other waste is not hazardous waste, is it managed in compliance with Parts 31, 115 or 121 of 451 & local requirements? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(a)(3)) Are batteries or container(s) of batteries labeled w/ either: "UNIVERSAL WASTE-BATTERIES" or "WASTE BATTERIES" or "USED BATTERIES". (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.14(a)) CONSUMER ELECTRONICS: (Rule 228(4) 3. Are electronics managed in a manner that prevents breakage or the release of any universal waste or components of universal waste by containing electronics in packaging that will prevent breakage during normal handling conditions? (Rule 228(4)(f)(i)) 4. Is packaging in which the electronics are contained labeled either "UNIVERSAL WASTE CONSUMER ELECTRONICS."	273.B & remain e, 273.B 273.B 273.B 273.B 273.B 273.B 273.B 273.B	NI N/A DLED:					

	ELECTRIC LAMPS: (Rule 228(4) ;273.13(c);273.14(d)	QTY HAND	LED:	DOIL TOPAGE TO
	Are lamps crushed or broken and facility trying to manage as universal waste? (universal waste electric lamps shall not be crushed or broken under MI rule) (Rule 228(4)(c)(i)) Note: different from EPA regulation	273.B		NI N/A
	Are lamps managed in a manner to prevent breakage or the release of any universal waste or components of universal waste by containing unbroken lamps in structurally sound packaging that is compatible with contents of lamps and will prevent breakage, and packaging kept closed? (Rule 228(4(c)(ii))	273.B	<u>[_]_Y</u>	NI N/A
19.	Are lamps or packaging containing lamps labeled either "UNIVERSAL WASTE ELECTRIC LAMP(S)" or "WASTE ELECTRIC LAMP(S)" or "USED ELECTRIC LAMP(S)". (Rule 228(4)(c)(iv)) Note: different from EPA regulation	273.B	LJ_ X	NI N/A
20.	Are lamp fragments or residues, & all lamps that show evidence of breakage, leakage, or damage that could cause release of mercury or other hazardous constituents to the environment immediately contained in packaging that is structurally sound & compatible w/ content, & kept closed? (Rule 228(4)(c)(iii)) Note: different from EPA regulation		[<u>M</u>]	_ NI N/A
21.	If lamp fragments or residues are generated, has it been determined whether it is hazardous waste? (Rule 228(4)(Note: different from EPA regulation which allows broken lamps to continue to be managed as universal was		≰_	_ NI N/A
	a. If waste is characteristic is it managed in compliance w/ Part 111, Act 451: 40 CFR Part 260-272?	273.B	[X	NI N/A
	b. If waste is not characteristic is it managed in compliance w/ Part 115 of Act 451?	273.B	<u> </u>	NI N/A
	MERCURY DEVICES: (Rule 228(4); 40 CFR 273.13 & 273.14	QTY HAND	LED:	
22.	Are devices managed to prevent releases? (Rule 228 (4)(d): 40 CFR 273.13(c))	273.B	LJ_	NI KÎA
	Are mercury devices that show evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage that could cause leaks placed in a contai that is closed, structurally sound, compatible w/ contents of device, & lack evidence of leakage, spillage or damage that could cause leakage, & designed to prevent the escape of mercury by volatilization or other means? (Rule 228 (4)(d): 40 CFR 273.13(c)(1))	273.B	LJ	NI N/A
24.	Are mercury devices or containers of mercury devices labeled either "UNIVERSAL WASTE THERMOSTAT(S)" or "WASTE MERCURY THERMOSTAT(S)" or "USED MERCURY THERMOSTAT(S)". (Rule 228 (4)(d): 40 CFR 273.1	4(d)) 273 .B	□1_	NI N/A
`25.	Does handler removing ampules meet the following conditions?			
	a. Does facility try to prevent breakage and is doing removal only over a containment device? (Rule 228 (4)(d): 40 CFR 273.13(c)(2)(i & ii))	273.B	<u> [_]</u>	NI N/A
	 b. Does facility have a clean-up system available to transfer spilled material to another container & use it immediat w/ broken or leaking ampules? (Rule 228 (4)(d): 40 CFR 273.13(c)(2)(iii & iv)) 	ely 273.B	Ш_	NINA
	c. Is facility area well ventilated & monitored to ensure compliance w/ OSHA exposure limits? (Rule 228 (4)(d): 40 CFR 273.13(c)(2) (v))	273.B		NIN/A
	d. Does facility have emptoyees familiar w/ proper waste handling & emergency procedures? (Rule 228 (4)(d): 40 CFR 273.13(c)(2)(vi))	273.B		NIN/A
	e. Are removed ampules stored in closed, non-leaking container that is in good condition? (Rule 228 (4)(d): 40 CFR 273.13(c)(2)(vi))	273.B	ப	NI NI A
	f. Are removed ampules packed in container with packing material to prevent breakage? (Rule 228 (4)(d): 40 CFR 273.13(c)(2)(vii))	273.B		NIN/A
	When devices do not contain ampules & handler removes original housings that hold mercury, does handler immediately seal original housing to prevent mercury release & follow all ampule management requirements? (Rule 228 (4)(d): 40 CFR 273.13(c)(3))	273.B	<u>Ll_</u>	NINA
27.	If waste is generated from removal of ampules or housings, or if clean-up residues are generated, is it determined if it is hazardous waste? (Rule 228 (4)(d): 40 CFR 273.13(c)(3)(i))(A&B), 273.13(c)(4)(i)	273.B	_L_	NINA
	a. If waste is characteristic, is it managed in compliance w/ part 260-272 and Part 111? (Rule 228 (4)(d): 40 CFR 273.13(c)(4)(ii))	273.B	<u></u>	_ NI NA
	b. If waste is not hazardous waste, is it managed in compliance w/ Parts 115 & 121 of Act 451, as applicable? Rule 228 (4)(d): 40 CFR 273.13(c)(4)(iii))	273.B	<u> </u>	NINA_
	PESTICIDES: Rule 228(4) adopts 40 CFR 273 except 273.10 & 273.18(h)	QTY HAND	LED:	
28.	Handler prevents releases by containing pesticides in containers that are closed, structurally sound & compatible v pesticide, & does not show evidence of leakage, spillage or damage? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(b)(1))		 	NI (VA)
29.	If original container is in poor condition, is it over-packed in acceptable container? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(b)(2))	273.B		NINA
30.	If stored in tank, are requirements of 40 CFR Part 265, Subpart J met except 265.197(c), 265.200, & 265.201? [USE TANK CHECKLIST] (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(b)(3))	273.B		NI NIA
31.	If stored in transport vehicle or vessel, is it closed, structurally sound & compatible w/ pesticides & shows no evidence of leakage, spillage or damage?? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.13(b)(4))	273.B		NINA
32.	Are pesticides in a container, tank or transport vehicle labeled either "UNIVERSAL WASTE-PESTICIDE(s)" or "WAPESTICIDE(s)" (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.14(b) [See 273.14(c) if 273.14(b) not possible]	STE- 273.B	<u> </u>	NI N/A
	PHARMACEUTICALS: (Rule 228(4)	QTY HAND	oi FD·	
- 33.	Are pharmaceuticals managed in a manner to prevent release of any universal waste or components of universal by containing pharmaceuticals in structurally sound packaging that is compatible w/ contents & will prevent breaka kept closed? Are containers that do not meet these conditions over packed in a container that does? (Rule 228(4))	waste ge, &	[]	NI 6 00
34	Does handler disassemble packaging & sort pharmaceuticals? (Rule 228(4)(e)(iii))	273.B	<u> — —</u> Г 1	NI NI A

35. Are incompatible pharmaceuticals segregated & adequate distance maintained to prevent contact w/ incompatible materials? (Rule 228(4)(e)(iv)	273.B	<u>. </u>	NINCA
36. If a release occurred, was it immediately cleaned up and properly characterized for disposal? (Rule 228(4) (e) (ii))?	273.B		NI N/A
			······································
ACCUMULATION TIME LIMITS (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.15)	070.51	[:]	\
37. Is universal waste accumulated one year or less? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.15(a)) (if no go to question 38)	273.B		NI N/A
38. If accumulated over one year, is accumulation necessary to facilitate proper recovery, treatment or disposal? (burden on handler to demonstrate) (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.15(b))	273.B	<u></u>	NI N/A
39. Is length of time universal wastes stored documented by one of the following:	·		
a. container marked or labeled w/ earliest date when universal waste became a waste? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.15(c)(1))	273.B	<u> </u>	NI N/A
 b, individual items of universal waste marked or labeled w/ earliest date it became a waste?? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR: 273.15(c)(2)) 	273.B	<u>∟</u> Y	NI N/A
 c. inventory system maintained on-site that identifies date each item became a universal waste? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.15(c)(3)) 	273.B	<u>LY</u>	NI N/A
d. inventory system maintained on-site that identifies earliest date items in a group or group of containers became a universal waste? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR (273.15(c)(4))	273.B	<u></u>	NI N/A
e. universal waste placed in a specific accumulation area & the earliest date is identified when waste was first put in area or date received? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR (273.15(c)(5))	273.B	كيا	NI N/A
f. any other method when demonstrates length of time universal waste accumulated & date it became a waste or received? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR (273.15(c)(6))	273.B	<u></u>	NI N/A
EMPLOYEE TRAINING (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.16)		-	
40. Are employees familiar w/ universal waste handling/emergency procedures, relative to their responsibilities? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.16))	273.B	[k]	NI N/A
RESPONSE TO RELEASE (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.17)	070.0		
41. Are releases of universal waste & other residue immediately contained? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.17(a))	273.B	[20]	NI N/A
42. Is material from release characterized? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.17(b))	273.B		NI N/A
43. If released material is hazardous waste is it managed as required under Parts 260 – 271 and Part 111? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.17(b))	273.B	ഥ	NI N/A
OFF-SITE SHIPMENTS (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.18			-
44. Is waste sent to another handler, destination facility or foreign destination? (Rule 228(4)(a): 273.18(a))	273.B	[24]	NI N/A
45. If the SQH self-transports waste, does it comply with the universal waste transporter requirements? (Rule 228(4)(b)	273.B	LJ &	NI N/A
46. If waste is a USDOT hazardous material, are USDOT requirements met w/regard to package/labels/ marking/placards/shipping papers? (Rule 228(4)(a): 273.18(c))	273.B	12	NI N/A
47. Prior to shipping universal waste off-site did receiver agree to receive shipment? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40CFR 273.18(d))	273.B	[بعظم]	NI N/A
48. If universal waste shipped off-site is rejected by other handler or destination facility, did originating handler either:			
a. receive the waste back? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.18(e)(1))	273.B	<u>الــا</u>	NINIA
b. agree to where shipment will be sent? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.18(e)(2)	273.B	<u></u>	_ NI NA
49. If handler rejects part or full load from another handler, did receiving handler contact originating handler & discuss ei	ther:		
a. sending the waste back to originating handler? : (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.18(f)(1)) OR	273.B	[LJ	_ NI 🐠
b. agreeing to where shipment will be sent? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.18(f)(2))	273.B		_ NI AGA
50. If handler received shipment of hazardous waste that is not universal waste, was the WHMD District Supervisor or designee immediately notified? (Rule 228(4)(a)):40 CFR 273.18(g))	273.B	L.]_	NI 🚳
51. If handler received a shipment of non-hazardous, non-universal waste, was the waste managed in accordance w/ applicable waste regulations (e.g. solid, liquid industrial, or medical waste)? (Rule 228(4)(a): 40 CFR 273.18(h))	273.B		N(N/A)
EXPORTS (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.20)			
52. If waste is sent to a foreign destination does handler:	,	N	\
a. comply with primary exporter requirements in 40 CFR 262.53, 262.56(a)(1-4 &6) and(b) and 262.57? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.20(a))	273.B		_ NI NA
b. export with consent of receiving country and in compliance with Acknowledgment of Consent, Subpart E, 40 CFR 262? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.20(b))	273.B	_ن_ا	_ NI NA
c. provide copy of EPA Acknowledgement of Consent to transporter? (Rule 228(4): 40 CFR 273.20(c))	273.B	_L_	NI NA

TRANSPORTER (Rule 228(6): 40 CFR 273 subpart D except 273.50, 53) 273.D INIMΩ 33. Does transporter dispose of universal waste? (Rule 228(6): 40 CFR 273.51(a)) 273.D 54. Does transporter dilute or treat universal waste, except if responding to releases? (Rule 228(6): 40 CFR 273.51(b))] Ni N/ 55. If transporting responds to release, do they immediately contain it and characterize residue? If hazardous waste, does transporter meet requirements in 40 CFR 262? (Rule 228(6): 40 CFR 273.54)) 273.D NI N/ 56. If universal waste stored at transfer facility over 10 days, does transporter meet applicable handler requirements? 273.D NINA (Rule 228(6): 40 CFR 273.54)) 57. Does transporter compty w/ USDOT requirements for package/labels/marking/placards/shipping papers if universal waste is also hazardous material? Shipping papers cannot describe universal waste as "hazardous waste, (I) or (s), n.o.s." nor have waste added to USDOT proper shipping name. (Rule 228(6)(a): 40 CFR 273.52 and 273.55(b)) 273.D NI N/A 58. Does transporter meet export conditions contained in 273.56 (dependent on which country will receive shipment)? NI N/A 273.D (Rule 228(6): 40 CFR 273.56) a. has a copy of EPA Acknowledgement of Consent with shipment? (Rule 228(6): 40 CFR 273.56(a) 273.D NI N/A 273.D NI N/A b. delivers shipment to facility designated by person initiating the shipment? (Rule 228(6): 40 CFR 273.56(b)) COMMENTS:

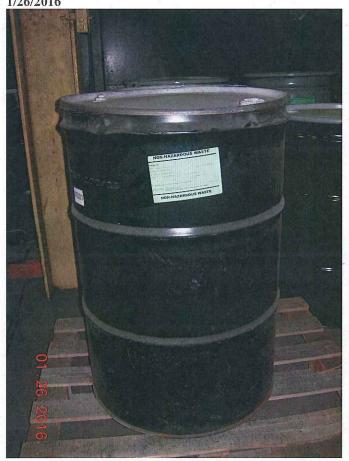


Photograph #1 - Maintenance Shop, Universal Waste Accumulation Area

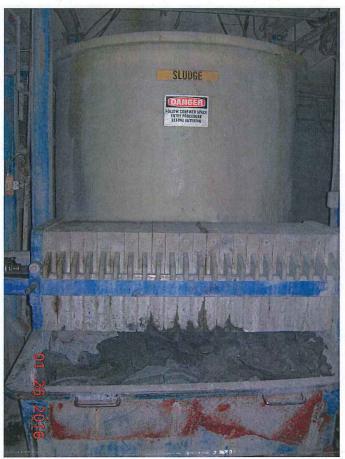


Photograph #2 – Hazardous Waste Accumulation Area, Two 55-Gallon Containers

March Coatings, Inc. Brighton, Michigan 1/26/2016



Photograph #3 – 55-Gallon Container of Shot Blasting Waste



Photograph #4 - Wastewater Treatment Plant Sludge